



Game Developer Conference 2011
The Technology Behind the
DirectX 11 Unreal Engine
"Samaritan" Demo

POWERED BY



UNREAL
TECHNOLOGY

Martin Mittring

Senior Graphics Architect

Martin.Mittring@EpicGames.com

Epic Games, Inc.

Bryan Dudash

Developer Technology

bdudash@nvidia.com

NVIDIA



Overview

- About
- Real-time demo



- Technical Part:
 - Tessellation (NVIDIA)
 - Hair
 - Deferred + MSAA
 - Subsurface Scattering
 - Reflections
 - Depth of Field

Demo Goals

- Ready for GDC 2011
- Real-time on High-end PC (off the shelf hardware)
- Engine improvements:
 - Add Direct3D 11 support in Unreal Engine 3
 - Implement features needed for next-gen quality
- Research:
 - New hardware features like Tessellation
 - Advanced render techniques
 - Content creation / workflow

Storyboard to define the scope



=> Near shots, faces, hair, harsh lighting, rain

Derived Technology needs

Direct3D 11

- Tessellation (NVIDIA)

Filmic look

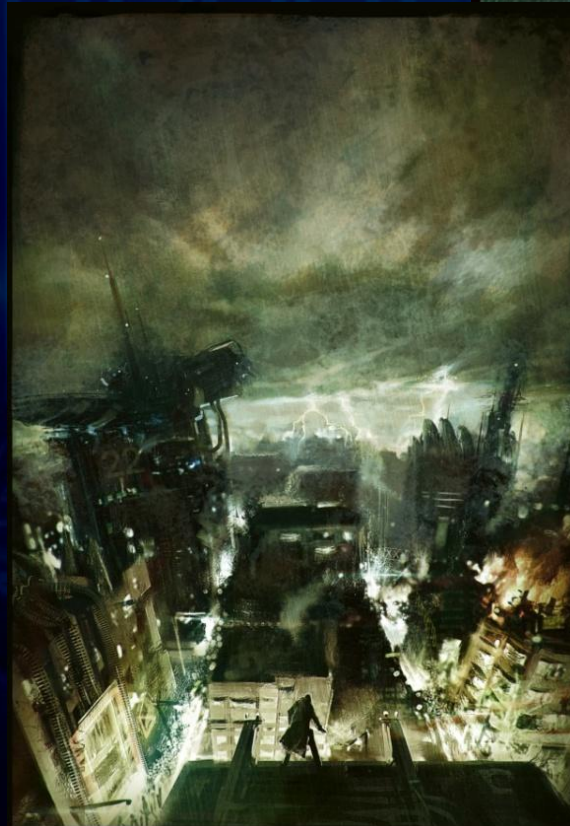
- Quality

Harsh lighting, night scene

- Dynamic Shadows

Rain

- Reflections
- Particles
- Animated water surface
- Wet material shading



Derived Technology needs

Close ups

- Depth of Field
- Facial expressions

Short scalp hair and beard

- Hair
- Simple animation
- Rather simple shading

Coat

”Realistic and Interactive Clothing in Epic Games Samaritan Demo Using NVIDIA APEX” Thursday 4:30- 5:30 Room 110, North Hall





.SAMARITAN.

UNREAL ENGINE 3.REALTIME DEMONSTRATION

Video / [Real-time demo](#)

Rendering

Tessellation

Hair

Deferred + MSAA

Subsurface Scattering

Reflections

Depth of Field



Rendering

Tessellation

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Subsurface Scattering

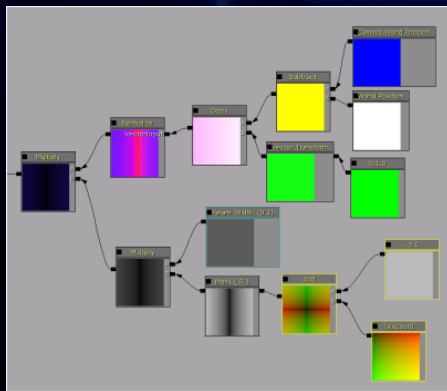
Reflections

Depth of Field

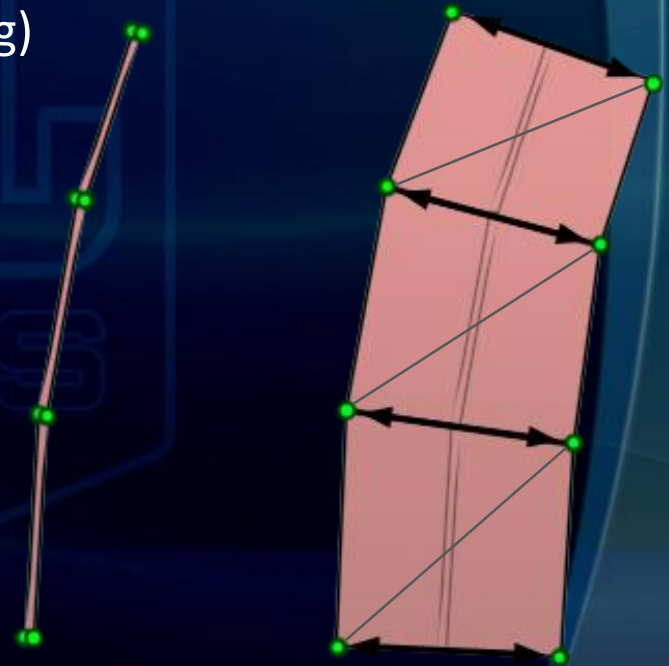


Short Hair / Beard

- Considered many methods
 - [Tariq08] [Neulander98] [Assarson09] [Nguyen06] [Neulander01]
- Ended up with camera aligned triangle strips
 - Reuse of existing code (e.g. mesh skinning)
 - Reuse of existing art pipeline
 - Move Vertices in the Vertex Shader (VS)



VS "code" to move the vertices

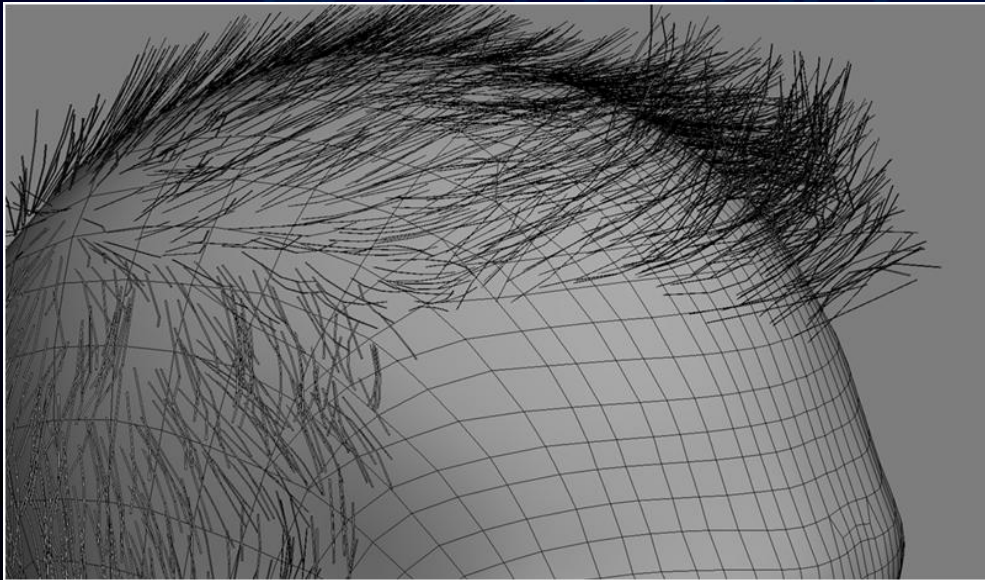


Before VS

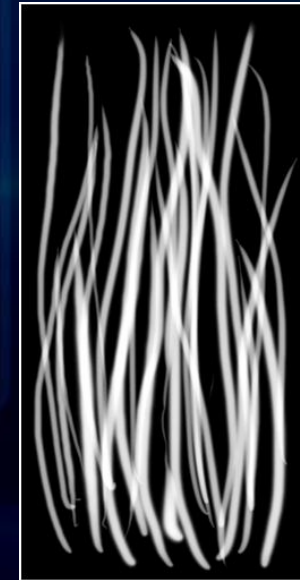
After VS

Hair creation

- Generate very thin triangle strips in 3ds Max (Plug-in “Hair Farm”)
- ~5000 splines -> ~16000 triangles
- Texture contains 36 individual hairs



Hair and head mesh in 3ds Max

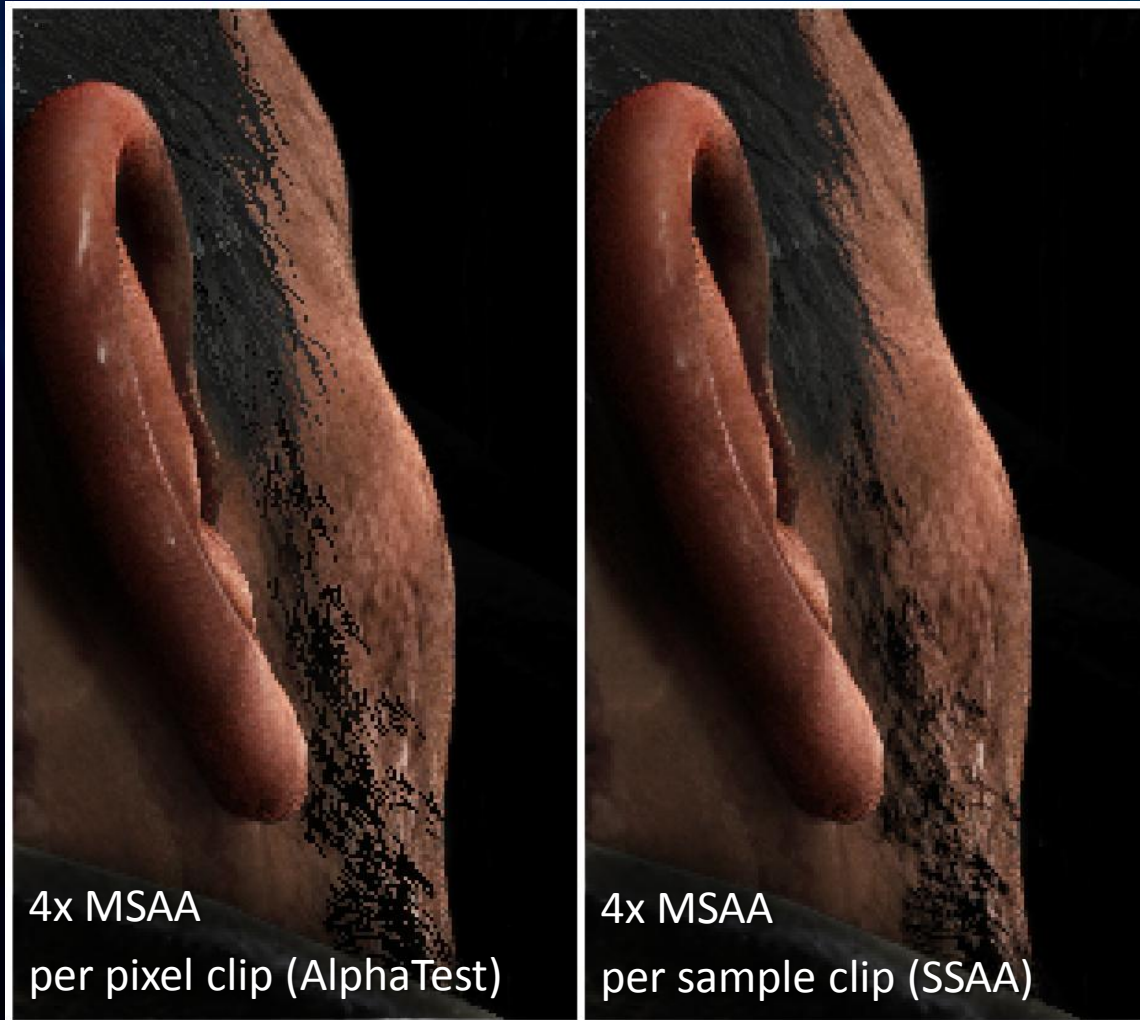


Texture

Rendering hair

- How to shade the pixel?
 - Alpha Test / clip -> Problems with Aliasing
 - Alpha Blend -> Problems with Sorting, fogging, Depth of Field
 - Alpha To Coverage (A2C) -> Problems with many layers
 - Order Independent Transparency [Gruen10] -> Too many layers?
- Our choice:
 - Render to MSAA buffer
 - > Depth for DOF/Fog/Shadow receiving
 - Stick to binary occlusion (per MSAA sample)
 - SSAA (Alpha Test per MSAA sample)
 - > Anti-aliasing for individual hairs

SSAA



4x MSAA
per pixel clip (AlphaTest)

4x MSAA
per sample clip (SSAA)

Rendering

Tessellation

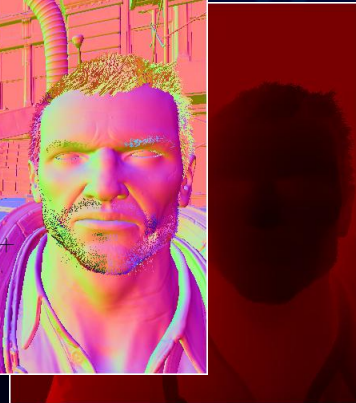
Hair

Deferred + MSAA

Subsurface Scattering

Reflections

Depth of Field



Deferred Rendering [Hargreaves04]

- UnrealEngine 3 is primarily a forward renderer
- Geometry detail * MSAA * Complex shaders * Many lights
-> too slow in forward, too many shader permutations
- Added more GBuffer properties
 - Albedo + Specular color, Specular Power
 - Spec + Diffuse normal (Wet material is 2 layered)
 - Subsurface scattering
- Some forward rendering remains (skin, hair and translucency)

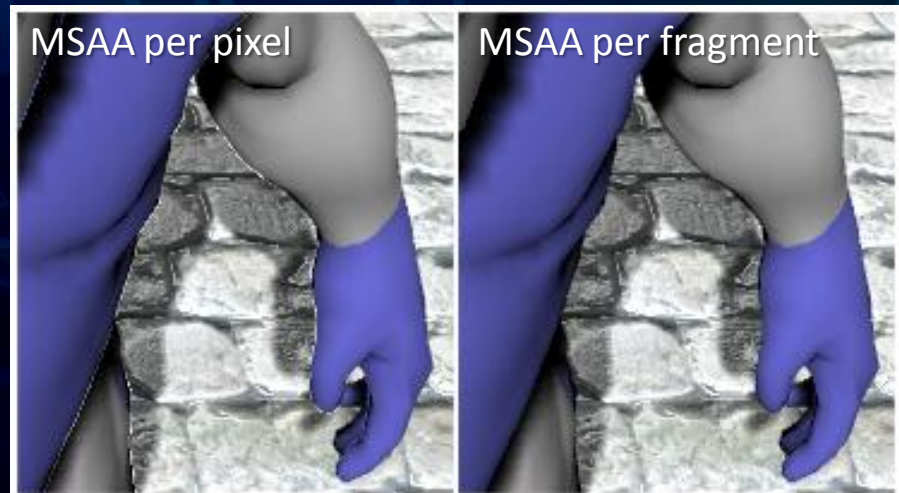


Anti-Aliasing

- 4x MSAA for forward rendering
- Deferred rendering requires special attention
- Per fragment shading only where needed:
 1. Clear stencil, Set stencil write
 2. Pass 1:

if heuristic(depth/normal) do discard
otherwise shade per pixel
 3. Activate stencil test
 4. Pass 2:

shade per fragment



Rendering

Tessellation

Hair

Deferred + MSAA

Subsurface Scattering

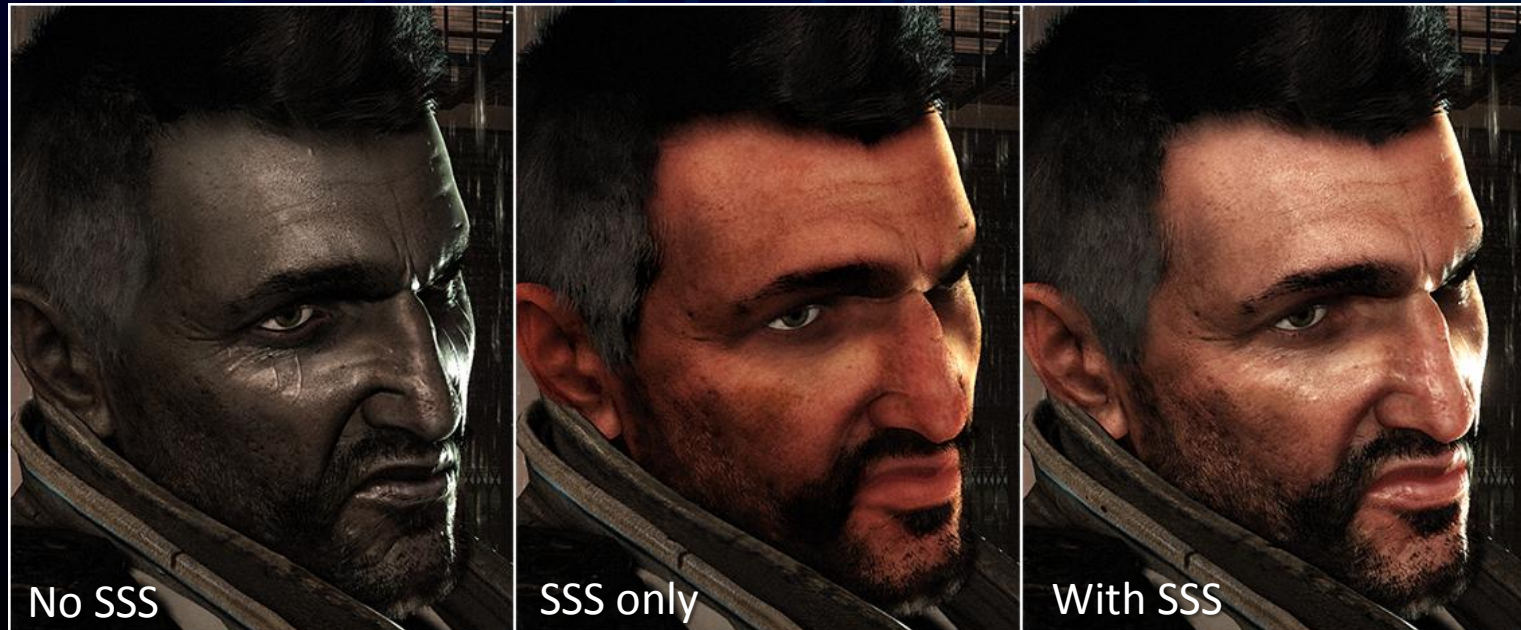
Reflections

Depth of Field



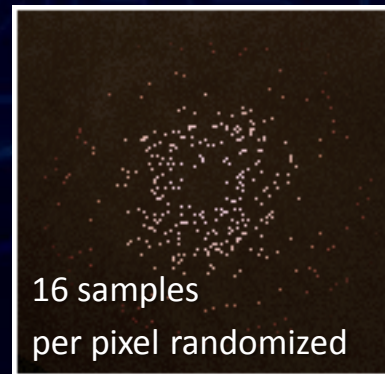
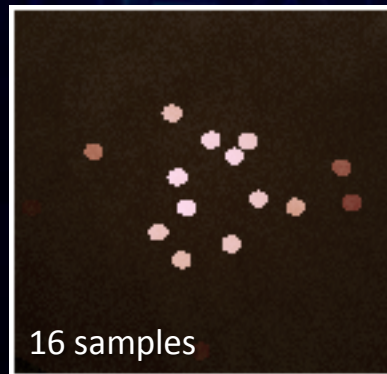
Human skin Subsurface Scattering (SSS)

- Important effect to render believable faces in dynamic lighting
- Many skin layers contribute to the final look
- Human eye is trained to recognize details in faces
- Human skin is a special case that allows approximations



Screen Space Subsurface Scattering (SSSSS)

- Idea is to gather lighting contributions in screen space [Mikkelsen10] [Jimenez09]
- Gather 16 samples in a disc, randomize per pixel and in time
- Artist can define SSS color and world space scatter radius
- Takes Depth and Normal input into account
- Hides shadow sampling artifacts
- Doesn't work with ear



Rendering

Hair

Deferred + MSAA

Subsurface Scattering

Reflections

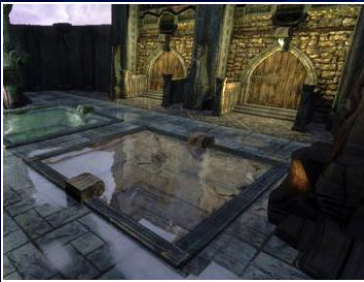
Depth of Field



Image Based Lighting (IBL)

- To compute incoming light at given position and direction
- How it works?
 - Function that maps position and direction to an image point (5D->2D)
 - Image with HDR content representing all incoming light
- Complex lighting
- Blurry reflections
- Diffuse lighting





••• [Buerger07]



Cubemaps

- only far reflections

Planar reflection

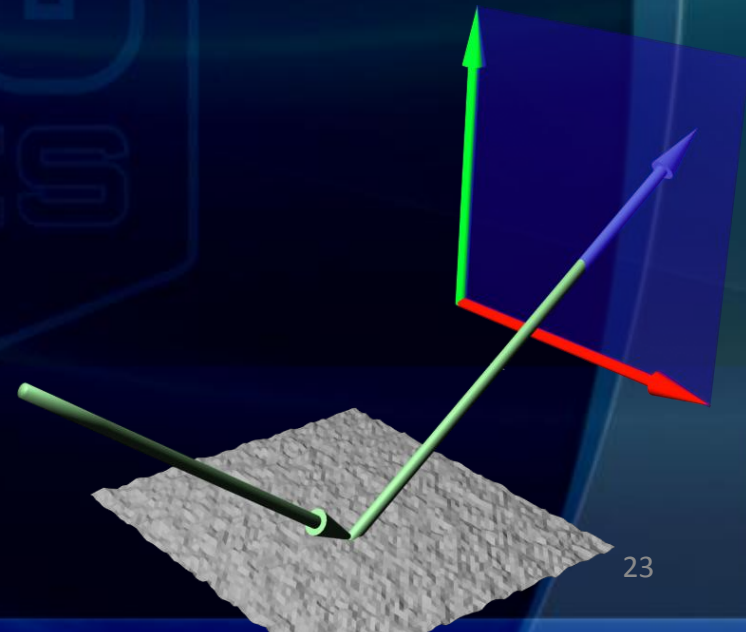
- fixed camera position
- fixed reflection plane
- good for dynamic ground reflection

“Billboard reflections”

- Many textured quads (billboards)
- Placement like any other static object
- Can move/rotate/scale dynamically
- No limitations on the reflecting surface

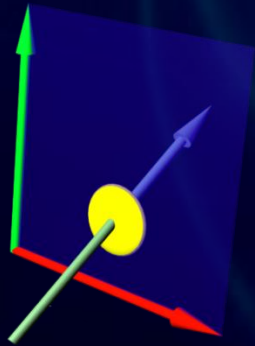
One Billboard reflection

- Each billboard is textured (Color and Alpha for Opacity)
- Ray / quad intersection is simple math
 - Ray start position: surface point we want to shade
 - Ray direction: reflected eye vector

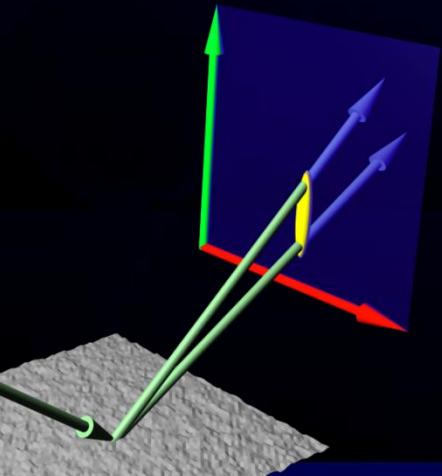


Glossy reflections

- Isotropic reflections

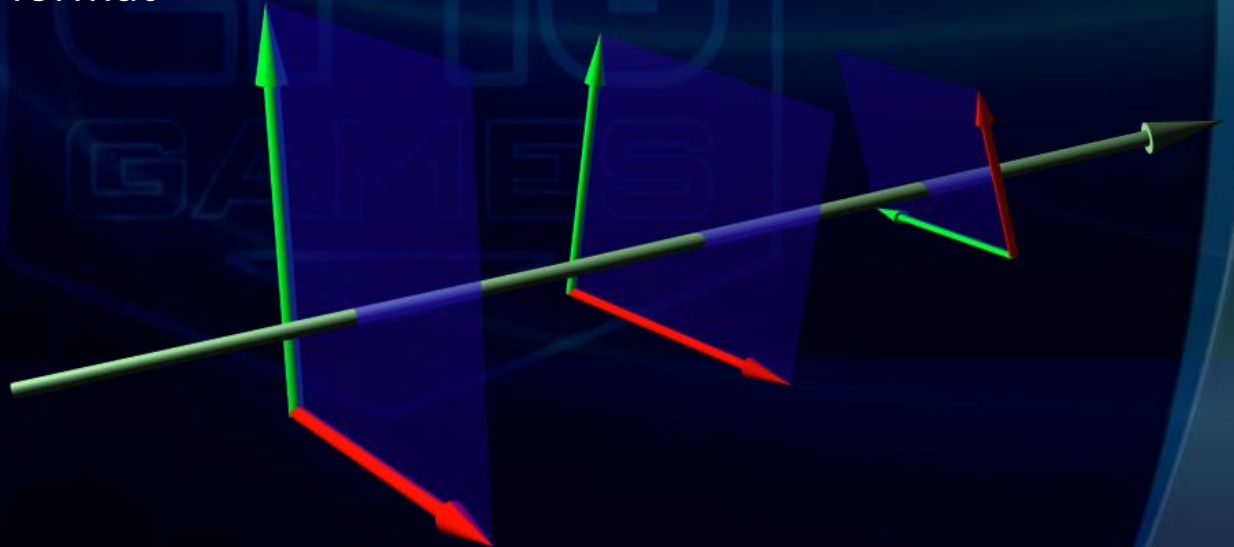


- Anisotropic “lengthy” reflections



Many Billboard reflections

- Many Billboard can occlude each other
- Iterate through all billboards
- Store n (~3) nearest hits (z, color, opacity)
- Composite n layers with alpha blending
- TextureArrays to index a texture in the shader
 - > Same size and format



Reflection Shadows



Notice that without shadows light leaks through the building

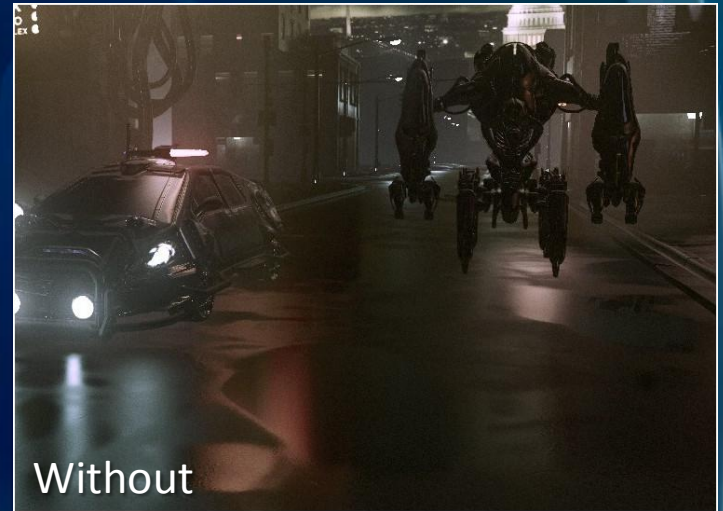
Static Reflection Shadows

- Ray-casting a distance field
 - Jump over empty areas
 - Stored in a volume texture
 - Distance also allows arbitrary blurred shadows
 - Half resolution (bilateral up-sampling) [Shopf09] [Tomasi98]



Dynamic Reflection Shadows

- Crucial for grounding objects
- Method assumes single plane reflection (ground)
- We generate an image from the reflected eye position (similar to planar reflections), storing depth
- Final mask is generated by rendering quads for each occluding Texel
- The quad size is computed from the stored depth



Point Light Reflections

- Phong or Blinn-Phong specular wasn't giving the look we wanted
- Anyone have a "wet street BRDF" ?
- We added a new specular type
 - More "lengthy"
 - Shadowed like Billboard reflections
 - Energy preserving [CodeltNow09]
 - Distance attenuated but not distance bound



Rendering

Tessellation

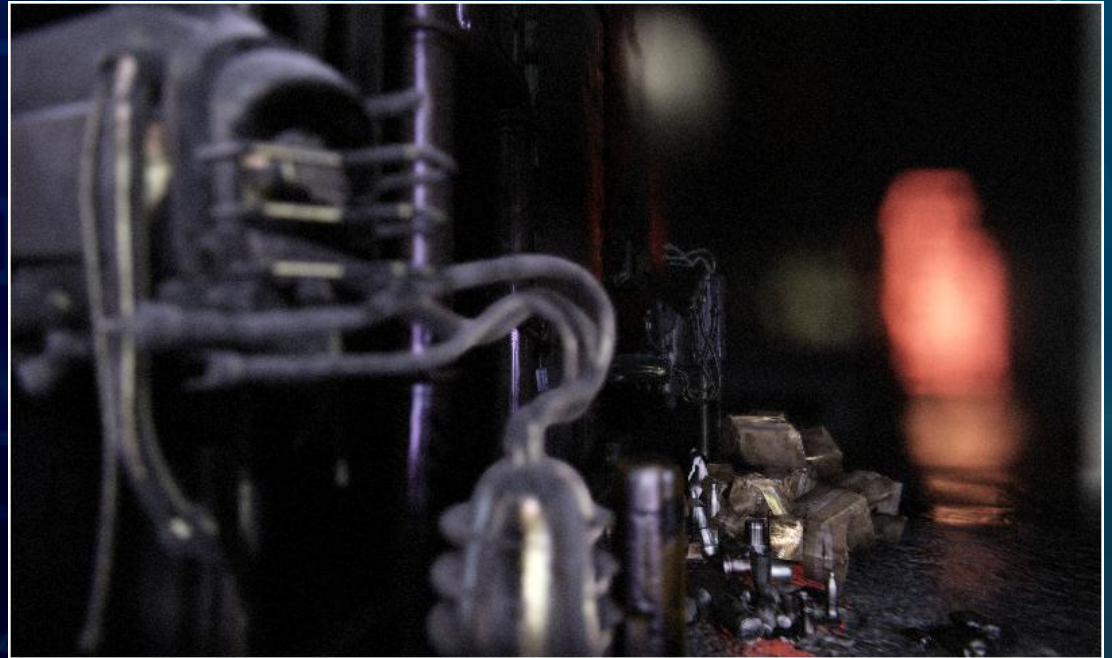
Hair

Deferred + MSAA

Subsurface Scattering

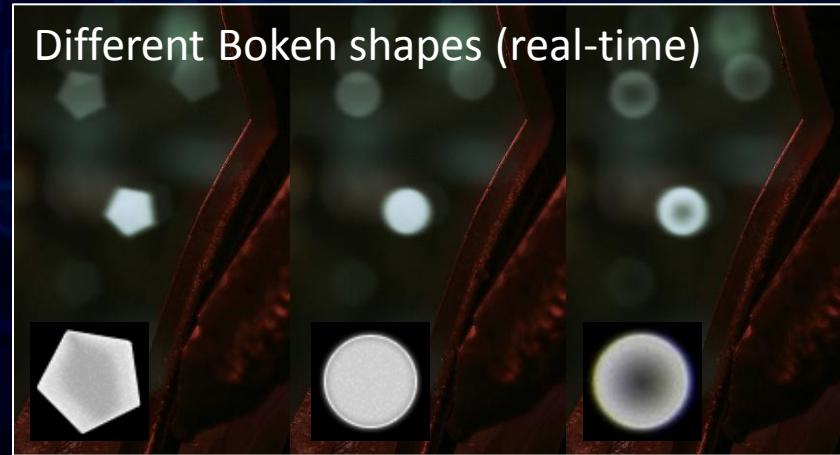
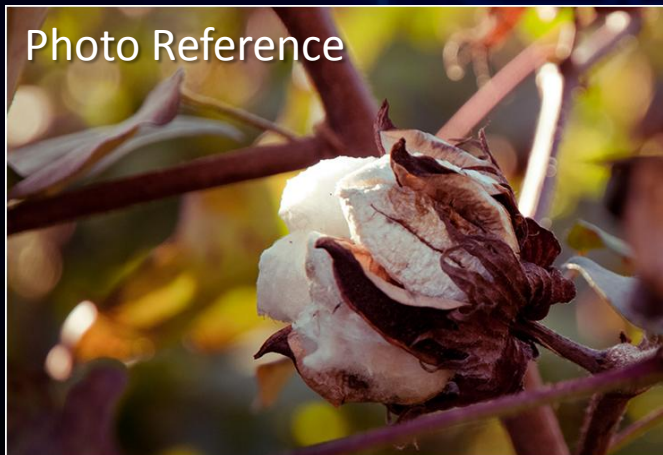
Reflections

Depth of Field



What is Bokeh?

- Bokeh is the name of the shape that can be seen in photos or movies when objects are out of focus.
- Contributes to the filmic look
- Shape depends on the camera and lens
- Many Depth of Field algorithms blur objects out of focus without the desired shape. [Lefohn10]



Bokeh Depth of Field

Render a Bokeh textured quad for each pixel
[LostPlanetD3D10][3DMark]

- Quad size and opacity depends on the Circle of Confusion (CoC) radius
- CoC radius is computed from the pixel depth
- Accumulate pixel color and opacity weighted by the Bokeh texture
- Splitting the content into layers avoids occlusion artifacts



Foreground (blurred)



In Focus (Full Resolution)



Background (blurred)

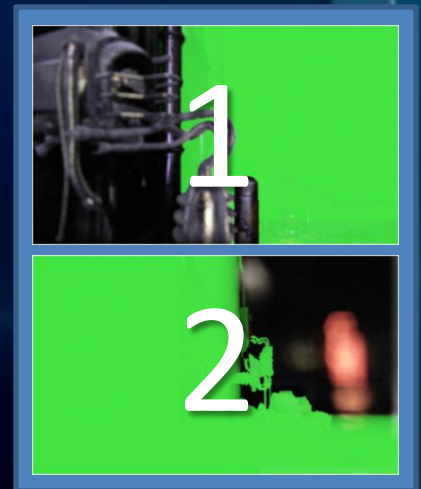
Bokeh Depth of Field Rendering

Scatter pass (Geometry Shader):

- Setup viewports to render to background/foreground layers
- For each pixel:
 - Compute the Circle of Confusion (CoC) radius
 - Compute viewport (foreground / background)
 - Setup a quad with the Bokeh texture (RGB: Bokeh*scene color, A: Bokeh)
 - Render quad with additive blending

Resolve pass:

- Reconstruct the layer color (RGB divided by A)
- Blend layers by the accumulated occlusion (background, in focus, foreground)



Render Target with two viewports

Bokeh Depth of Field Optimizations

- Vertex / Triangle count:
 - Input image is the half resolution scene (Color + Depth)
- Fill rate:
 - Input image is the half resolution scene (Color + Depth)
 - Output image is half resolution and recombined later with full resolution
 - For each 2x2 input block:
depending on heuristic (CoC radius, color and depth difference),
spawn 1 or 4 quads (GS)

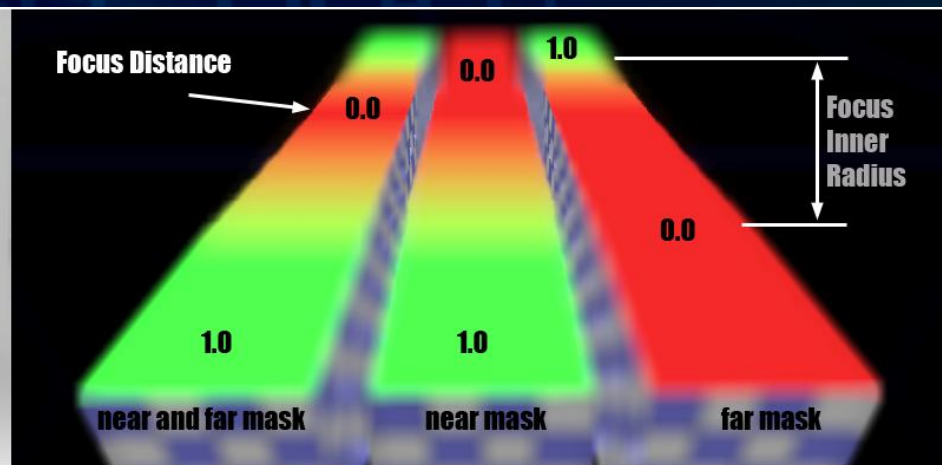
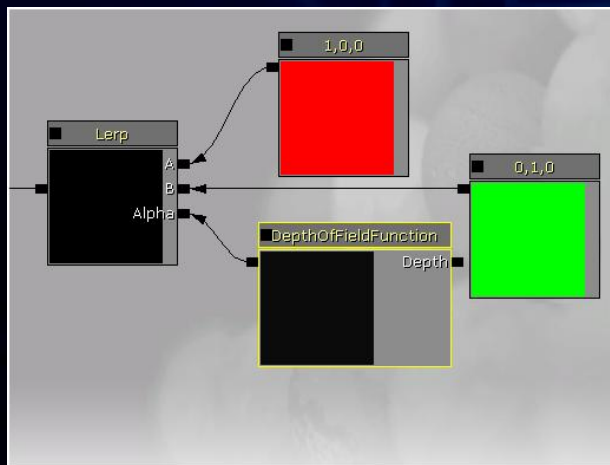


Red: 4 quads

Green: 1 quad

Bokeh Depth of Field: Translucency

- Problem: Fog / particles / smoke / lens flares
- Make some effects not affected by Depth of Field
 - Artists can specify which material
 - Composed after/without Depth of Field
- New Shader graph node
 - To give artist control (fade out or blend to blurry version)



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<http://www.ccg.in.tum.de/Research/data/Publications/vmv07.pdf>
- [Mikkelsen10] Cross Bilateral Filters for Skin Shading
http://jbit.net/~sparky/subsurf/cbf_skin.pdf

Thanks

- Our partner: NVIDIA
- NVIDIA:
Johnny Costello, Bryan Dudash, Jon Jansen, Ignacio Llamas,
John McDonald, David Schoemehl
- Entire Epic team
- Everyone that contributed to the demo
- Epic:
Daniel Wright, Andrew Scheidecker, Jordan Walker

The Epic Games logo is centered on a metallic, shield-shaped emblem. The shield has a blue and red gradient at the bottom. The background is a dark blue digital space with a world map, data points, and various UI elements like '3PR', 'MARCH', '569', '13', and 'NPA'.

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Questions?

- Is this a game?

No. This is just a technology demo.

- Is that in UnrealEngine 3?

These features are available now to UE3 licensees and will be in the March UDK.

”Realistic and Interactive Clothing in Epic Games Samaritan Demo Using NVIDIA APEX” Thursday 4:30- 5:30 Room 110, North Hall

NVIDIA @ GDC 2011



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NVIDIA Booth

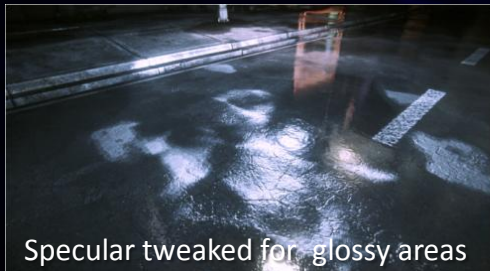
South Hall #1802

*Details on schedule and to
download copies of presentations
visit*

www.nvidia.com/gdc2011

Bonus Slide

- Barely documented but very useful:
 - HLSL Semantic `SV_SampleIndex`
Used as input causes the shader to run per MSAA sample.
Can be used in `texture.Load(float2(u,v), SampleIndex)`
or `EvaluateAttributeAtSample(Interpolator, SampleIndex)`
 - HLSL Semantic `SV_Coverage`
uint, MSAA bit mask, PS input and output
- How to index a texture in the shader?
 - 2D Texture Atlas -> **Size limits, Border and Precision issues**
 - Sample array (D3D9/10/11) -> **Only for constant index / unroll able loops**
 - Dynamic branching -> **Slow**
 - Texture array (D3D10/11) -> **Same size and format, CPU update performance?**
- Energy preserving Specular images (material varies Glossiness):



Specular tweaked for glossy areas



Specular tweaked for dull areas



Energy preserving